

South American Mastiff Dog

Big crested mastiff bat The big crested mastiff bat (*Promops centralis*) is a species of bat native to Central and South America. It was described as a new species in 1915 by The big crested mastiff bat (*Promops centralis*) is a species of bat native to Central and South America a6f6b8fad1

== Etymology == a6f6b8fad1

American Bulldog Their ancestors were brought to the British North American colonies where they worked on small farms and ranches. Their ancestors were brought to the British North American colonies where they worked The American Bulldog is a large, muscular breed of mastiff-type dog. The American Bulldog is a large, muscular breed of mastiff-type dog a6f6b8fad1

The verb "filar" in Portuguese literally means "to hold, arrest, grab". So "cão de fila" (fila dog) or "cão de filar" suggests that it is a catch dog, a dog that "bites and does not loosen its grip". A similar name is also found in two Portuguese dog breeds: the Cão de Fila de São Miguel and the extinct Cão de Fila da

Terceira. Historical and archaeological evidence suggests that mastiffs have long been distinct in both form and function from the similarly large livestock guardian dogs from which they were most likely developed; they also form separate genetic populations. The Fédération Cynologique Internationale and some kennel clubs group the two types together as molosoid dogs; some modern livestock guardian breeds, such as the Pyrenean Mastiff, the Spanish Mastiff and the Tibetan Mastiff, and an extinct draught dog called the Belgian Mastiff, have the word "mastiff" in their name, but are not considered... The origins of the Bullmastiff are unclear. In the 18th century, in some regions of England, the English Mastiff and Old English Bulldog were commonly inter-bred to produce dogs suitable for guarding people and their property. By the beginning of the 20th century, this cross-breed was in widespread use as an aid to gamekeepers in the control of poaching. They were bred for strength, size and speed using a cross of the tough, heavy and aggressive 19th century bulldog with the large, strong, less aggressive mastiff. As a result, the Bullmastiff is known as the Gamekeeper's Night Dog. It is used as a guard dog, for cattle herding and for big-game hunting; it may also be kept as a companion dog or pet. In the eighteenth century, when slavery was still legal in Brazil, the Fila Brasileiro was used to return escaped slaves to their owners.

In the 1920s, Antonio Nores Martinez and his brother Agustin were inspired to develop a dog that could hunt wildcats, boar, fox and other vermin that were harmful to the region's agriculture. Over time, Martinez developed a new breed of pedigreed dog by repeatedly crossbreeding the Córdoba fighting dogs with modern breeds of dogs that were internationally recognized, such as the Boxer, Dogue de Bordeaux, Bulldog, Pointer, Bull Terrier, Irish Wolfhound, Great Pyrenees, and Great Dane. As a result of that purposeful breeding, the Dogo Argentino was developed.

Bullmastiff It was recognised as a breed by The Kennel Club in 1924. It was developed as a guard dog in the nineteenth century by cross-breeding the English Mastiff with the now-extinct Old English Bulldog. It was developed as a guard dog in the nineteenth century The Bullmastiff is an English breed of dog of mastiff type and large size, with a solid build and a short muzzle. is an English breed of dog of mastiff type and large size, with a solid build and a short muzzle

Córdoba fighting dog was a dog type originating from Córdoba, Argentina utilizing Spanish Mastiffs, Bull Terriers and early Bulldogs brought to South America. In the 1920s The Córdoba fighting dog (Spanish: viejo perro de pelea

cordobés) was a type of dog indigenous to Córdoba, Argentina, that resulted from crossbreeding old mastiff types of unknown pedigree. They became extinct after dog fighting became illegal in Argentina in 1954. They were purposely bred for the sport of dog fighting until the early 20th century

== Taxonomy ==

Mastiff Mastiffs have historically been guard dogs, protecting homes and property, although throughout history they have been used as hunting dogs, war dogs and for blood sports, such as dog fighting, bull-baiting, bear-baiting, and even lion-baiting. European and Asian records dating back 3,000 years show dogs of the mastiff type. Mastiffs are among the largest dogs, and typically have a short coat, a long low-set tail and large feet; the skull is large and bulky, the muzzle broad and short (brachycephalic) and the ears drooping and pendant-shaped. Mastiffs are among the largest dogs, and typically have a short coat, a long low-set tail and large feet; A mastiff is a large and powerful type of dog. A mastiff is a large and powerful type of dog

In 1954, Argentina passed Article 3.8 of Law 14.346 on the Ill-Treatment and Acts of Cruelty to Animals which...

Taxonomy == a6f6b8fad1 == Extant breeds, varieties and types == a6f6b8fad1 It was described as a new species in 1915 by British zoologist Oldfield Thomas. The holotype was collected by George F. Gaumer, and presented to Thomas by Osbert Salvin. a6f6b8fad1 The name is most likely derived from the images of this type of dog that appear in Assyrian, Babylonian and other Mesopotamian reliefs dating from the 10th to 6th century BCE Neo-Assyrian Empire. a6f6b8fad1 Dog fighting generates revenue from stud fees, admission fees, and gambling. Most countries have banned dog fighting, but it is still legal in some countries, such as Venezuela, Bangladesh, Japan and Albania. a6f6b8fad1

Dog fighting In rural areas, fights are often staged in barns or outdoor pits; in urban areas, fights are often staged in garages, basements, warehouses, alleyways, abandoned buildings, neighborhood playgrounds, or in the streets. Dog fights usually last until one dog is declared a winner, which occurs when one dog fails to scratch, dies, or jumps out of the pit. Sometimes dog fights end without declaring a winner; for instance, the dog's owner may call off the fight. foundation for modern fighting dogs came from five dog types: the Tibetan Mastiff, the English Mastiff (out of which came the Dogue de Bordeaux, the Bulldog Dog fighting is a type of blood sport that turns game and fighting dogs against each

other in a physical fight, often to the death, for the purposes of gambling or entertainment to the spectators a6f6b8fad1

== History == a6f6b8fad1 It is assumed the Assyrian mastiff had their ancestors in the region between India and Persia where they were domesticated and used as hunting dogs. Several mastiff type figures of the Assyrian era around 2000 BC were discovered with carved-in names such as "Consume his life", "Don't stop to think, bite", and "Catcher of the hostile one". More Assyrian relics depicting dogs can be found from between 1000 and 650 BC. a6f6b8fad1

List of dog breeds Neapolitan Mastiff Nenets Herding Laika New Guinea singing dog New Zealand Heading Dog Newfoundland Norfolk Terrier Norrbottenspets Northern Inuit Dog Norwegian This list of dog breeds includes both extant and extinct dog breeds, varieties and types. A research article on dog genomics published in Science/AAAS defines modern dog breeds as "a recent invention defined by conformation to a physical ideal and purity of lineage" a6f6b8fad1

== History == a6f6b8fad1 == History == a6f6b8fad1 The Córdoba fighting dog was a dog type originating from Córdoba, Argentina utilizing Spanish Mastiffs, Bull Terriers and early Bulldogs

brought to South America. The Bullmastiff was recognised as a breed by The Kennel Club in 1924. Dogs had to have a minimum of four generations of descent from Bullmastiff stock without input from either Bulldog or Mastiff; cross-bred animals could not be registered. The American Kennel Club recognised it in 1934. It...

Fila Brasileiro It is used as a guard dog, for cattle herding and for big-game hunting; it may also be kept as a companion dog or pet. In The Fila Brasileiro (Portuguese pronunciation: [ˈfilɐ bɾaziˈlejɾu]) is a Brazilian breed of large working dog of mastiff type. working dog of mastiff type

Assyrian Mastiff The Assyrian Mastiff, was a landrace of dog found in Assyria. This dog was often used as a livestock guardian against predators, as well as for lion and The Assyrian Mastiff, was a landrace of dog found in Assyria. The modern Assyrian Shepherd (in more recent years also known as the Kurdish Mastiff) is likely to be a descendant of the Assyrian mastiff. This dog was often used as a livestock guardian against predators, as well as for lion and wild horse-hunting

According to BigThink, over 40% of the world's dog

breeds come from the United Kingdom, France and Germany. It states: "Great Britain and France are the ground zero of dog fancying, with 57 registered breeds each. Germany is not far behind, with 47 breeds. These three countries alone represent more than 40% of all dog breeds recognized by the Fédération Cynologique Internationale." There are more than 400 extant modern dog breeds.

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Black mastiff bat It ranges from the northern region of South America (excluding Chile), most of Central America (excluding The black mastiff bat (*Molossus rufus*) is a bat species. black mastiff bat (*Molossus rufus*) is a bat species. It ranges from the northern region of South America (excluding Chile), most of Central America (excluding Belize) and parts of southern Mexico a6f6b8fad1

The black mastiff bat was described as a new species in 1805 by French naturalist Étienne Geoffroy Saint-Hilaire. The holotype had been collected in Cayenne, French Guiana. a6f6b8fad1

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